## **LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS/104th Congress' Priorities**

SUBJECT: Legislative Branch Appropriations Bill for fiscal year 1995 . . . H.R. 1854. Dole perfecting amendment No. 1807 to the Feingold amendment No. 1803.

## **ACTION: AMENDMENT AGREED TO, 91-8**

SYNOPSIS: As reported, H.R. 1854, the Legislative Branch Appropriations Bill for fiscal year 1995, will appropriate \$2.19 billion, which is \$200.4 million (8.4 percent) less than was appropriated in fiscal year 1995, and which is 16 percent less than the President's request. The Office of Technology Assessment (OTA) will be abolished, the General Accounting Office will be cut by 25 percent over 2 years, and Senate committee funding will be reduced by 15 percent.

The Feingold amendment would express the sense of the Senate that "as soon as possible before the conclusion of the 104th Congress, the United States Senate should consider comprehensive campaign finance reform legislation that will increase the competitiveness and fairness of elections to the United States Senate."

The Dole perfecting amendment to the Feingold amendment would strike all after the first word of the Feingold amendment and would insert that it is the sense of the Senate that "before the conclusion of the 104th Congress, comprehensive welfare reform, food stamp reform, Medicare reform, Medicaid reform, Superfund reform, wetlands reform, reauthorization of the Safe Drinking Water Act, reauthorization of the Endangered Species Act, immigration reform, Davis-Bacon reform, State Department reauthorization, Bosnia arms embargo, foreign aid reauthorization, fiscal year 1996 and 1997 Agriculture appropriations, Commerce, Justice State appropriations, Defense appropriations, District of Columbia appropriations, Energy and Water Development appropriations, Foreign Operations, Labor, Health and Human Services and Education appropriations, Legislative Branch appropriations, Military Construction appropriations, Transportation appropriations, Treasury and Postal appropriations, and Veterans Affairs, Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies appropriations, reauthorization of the Older Americans Act, reauthorization of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, health care reform, comprehensive campaign finance reform, job training reform, child support enforcement reform, tax reform, and a "Farm Bill" should be considered."

NOTE: The Senate had earlier failed to table the Feingold amendment (see vote No. 313). Following the vote, the Feingold

(See other side)

YEAS (91)				NAYS (8)		NOT VOTING (1)	
Republican (54 or 100%)		Democrats (37 or 82%)		Republicans (0 or 0%)	Democrats (8 or 18%)	Republicans (0)	Democrats (1)
Abraham Ashcroft Bennett Bond Brown Burns Campbell Chafee Coats Cochran Cohen Coverdell Craig D'Amato DeWine Dole Domenici Faircloth Frist Gorton Gramm Grams Grassley Gregg Hatch Hatfield Helms	Hutchison Inhofe Jeffords Kassebaum Kempthorne Kyl Lott Lugar Mack McCain McConnell Murkowski Nickles Packwood Pressler Roth Santorum Shelby Simpson Smith Snowe Specter Stevens Thomas Thompson Thurmond Warner	Akaka Baucus Biden Bingaman Boxer Bradley Bryan Byrd Conrad Daschle Dorgan Exon Feingold Feinstein Ford Glenn Graham Harkin	Heflin Johnston Kennedy Kerrey Kerry Kohl Lautenberg Leahy Levin Lieberman Moynihan Murray Nunn Pell Pryor Reid Robb Rockefeller Wellstone		Breaux Bumpers Dodd Hollings Mikulski Moseley-Braun Sarbanes Simon	EXPLANAT 1—Official I 2—Necessar 3—Illness 4—Other  SYMBOLS: AY—Annou AN—Annou PY—Paired PN—Paired	ily Absent inced Yea inced Nay Yea

VOTE NO. 314 JULY 20, 1995

amendment, as amended, by voice vote.

Those favoring the amendment contended:

## Argument 1:

If Senators were attempting to gauge if they have enough votes to dictate when the Senate will begin considering campaign finance reform, they must now be disappointed because 41 Senators voted against the Feingold amendment. They therefore do not have cloture strength over the schedule with this issue. We do not oppose campaign finance reform; many of us have sponsored such reform bills in the past. However, as we explained on the previous vote, we have many other urgent legislative items to consider as well. We voted against the Feingold amendment because we did not want to leave the impression that we thought that campaign finance reform was the most urgent issue for us to consider. The Dole amendment, though, accurately expresses our opinion. It lists many items, including campaign finance reform, that should be considered this Congress. We urge all Senators to vote in favor of the Dole amendment.

## Argument 2:

The vote on the Feingold amendment was very gratifying. We are pleased that a strong, bipartisan majority of Senators believe this issue should be addressed this Congress. The McConnell substitute amendment to the Feingold amendment, which was withdrawn, listed various legislative items that should be considered this Congress, but did not mention campaign finance reform. The Dole amendment which is now pending also gives a list of items for consideration, but it includes campaign finance reform. We are delighted that the Majority Leader has indicated, with this amendment, that such reform should be brought up this Congress. We do not object to the amendment also listing other legislative items for consideration; certainly, this Congress has been active and will continue to be active across a broad legislative front. We therefore urge adoption of this amendment.

No arguments were expressed in opposition to the amendment.